



# Preliminary Resilience Assessment

**Executive Summary** 

#ResilientYYC

In partnership with

PIONEERED BY THE ROCKEFELLER FOUNDATION

CITIES

Introduction..... Calgary Context Perceptions Asse Actions Inventor Challenges and C Discovery Areas. Acknowledgmer

••••••	9
essment	15
су	19
Opportunities	. 23
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 26
nts	31



## Welcome to Calgary! A great place to make a living, a

# great place to make a life.

Calgary is a vibrant, young, energetic place with a diversity entrenched in our roots: traditional ways of living with the land, and of benefiting from the abundance of resources deep within our environment. People have historically come to this place to share information, to share culture, and to exchange goods and services in pursuit of a great life. Our city is approaching a new horizon of technological innovation, increased economic diversity, youthful enthusiasm supported by wisdom, experience and traditional knowledge, and increasingly complex decisions regarding our environment. We are facing these changes head on. Our nature is to be resilient: to face the stresses and shocks of our modern city with a collaborative interest in reaching our vision of Calgary as a great place to make a living, a great place to make a life.

#### Calgary is a member of 100 Resilient Cities (100RC)

Pioneered by The Rockefeller Foundation, 100RC is dedicated to helping cities around the world become more resilient to the social, economic and environmental challenges of the 21st century. 100RC supports the adoption and incorporation of a common definition of urban resilience that includes not just the shocks - earthquakes, fires, floods, etc. - but also the stresses that weaken the fabric of a city on a day to day or cyclical basis. By addressing both the stresses and shocks, a city better responds to adverse events, develops its potential for collective and individual resilience and enhances delivery to all its residents.

The City of Calgary was among the third and final cohort of cities invited by 100RC to embark on an exciting opportunity to examine city resilience and develop a strategy that is customized according to individualized needs and capacity.

#### **Purpose of this Preliminary Resilience Assessment**

- To describe the work that has been done to date to understand Calgary perceptions and opportunities to build resilience
- · To identify emerging resilience cross cutting themes and discovery areas that will guide the development of a Resilience Strategy for Calgary

#### What is a Preliminary Resilience Assessment?

This Preliminary Resilience Assessment (PRA) describes the city profile, the main stresses and shocks in Calgary, perceptions of stakeholders and the public and the inventory of actions already in place. The information was drawn from surveys, individual meetings, and workshops with diverse stakeholders. These results led to the identification of four recommended discovery areas with one cross cutting theme that will serve as the basis for Calgary's resilience strategy.

The PRA is a living document that summarizes the method and principal results of the activities carried out by the resilience team in Phase I of the strategy development process.

#### "Never mistake the desire for compassion, kindness, mercy, love and humanity for weakness. It is strength."

-CALGARY MAYOR NAHEED NENSHI

#### THE CITY RESILIENCE FRAMEWORK: **100 RESILIENT CITIES**

#### **LEADERSHIP & STRATEGY**

Effective leadership, empowered stakeholders, and integrated planning

#### **INFRASTRUCTURE & ENVIRONMENT**

The way in which man-made & natural infrastructure provides critical services and protects urban residents

#### **HEALTH & WELLBEING**

The health & wellbeing of everyone living and working in the city

#### **ECONOMY & SOCIETY**

The social & financial systems that enable urban populations to live peacefully, and act collectively

This PRA supports Calgary to dive deeper in its discovery areas and to develop creative, bold and innovative initiatives during Phase II.

**Stresses:** weaken the fabric of a city on a daily or cyclical basis. Examples include high unemployment, an overtaxed or inefficient public transportation system, and chronic food and water shortages.

**Shocks:** sudden, sharp events that threaten a city. Examples include flood, fire, disease outbreaks and human-caused incidents.

"We must act now — and we must understand that if we do not manage this challenge with energy, commitment, skill and resources, this challenge will manage us to our great detriment."

— JIM GRAY, CALGARY BUSINESSPERSON & PHILANTHROPIST

"This opportunity will allow Calgary to unify and strengthen the resilience initiatives already underway at The City, and help us become a Canadian leader in resilience planning."

- BRAD STEVENS, CHIEF RESILIENCE OFFICER





# Calgary Context



The City of Calgary is situated on land adjacent to where the Bow River meets the Elbow River, and the traditional Blackfoot name of this place is "Mohkinstsis". Calgary is traditional territory of the people of the Treaty 7 region in Southern Alberta, which includes: the Blackfoot Nation tribes of Siksika, Piikani, Kainai; the Stoney Nakoda Nation tribes of Wesley, Bearspaw, Chiniki; and the Tsuut'ina Nation. Calgary is also home to the Métis Nation of Alberta, Region III, the Inuit, and other urban Indigenous Peoples.



★ Calgary sits in the sunny eastern

foothills of Canada's **Rocky Mountains** 

848 square kilometres in size





Calgary is among the top 5 most livable cities on earth



#### 2010

Calgary elects 38 year old Naheed Nenshi as Mayor – first Muslim mayor in a major North American city

#### June 20, 2013

26 Calgary communities were evacuated as both the Bow & Elbow breach their banks

#### 2014

Dropping oil prices leads to a provincial recession

#### 2015

Left leaning New **Democrats & Rachel** Notley are elected to form a majority government after 44 years of Progressive Conservative leadership

#### 2016

Calgary admitted 21,430 permanent residents

4th largest city in Canada





Calgary has more volunteers per capita than any other city in the world





#### 10%

Land area—natural and manicured parks

#### 2°C

Expected rise in annual temp by 2030s

6000

Buildings in flood

hazard areas

#### 12%

Green space share of city area

#### \$34M

"Snowtember" noninsurable losses

#### \$1.7B 2013 flood cost in Alberta

#### 848

**62%** 

Calgary's GHG

emissions from

operating all buildings

in Calgary

Square Kilometres for Calgary's Land Area (2010)

#### SNAPSHOT OF CALGARY ENVIRONMENT\*

13



# erceptions sesses the set of the

**Business** Group Seniors



The perspectives and comments collected over the past two years through a variety of surveys, workshops, focus groups and interviews were reviewed, collated and analyzed using 100RC tools to develop a Preliminary Resilience Assessment. More than 15,000 Calgarians participated in this assessment process. These included representatives from a broad age spectrum—youth at Calgary's Mayor Environmental Expo to focus groups with Seniors—a diverse economic context, and a variety of professional and personal perspectives.

Annual Citizen Satisfaction

17

The City of Calgary



#### **PERCEPTIONS ALIGNMENT**

The Agenda Setting Workshop (ASW) aligned well with overall perceptions analysis. Calgary residents surveyed were more likely to respond positively to City efforts to address shocks and stresses than ASW attendees or focus groups. The ASW and focus groups were driven to identify issues which may have resulted in the disparity of opinions. This graphic represents seven of the twelve key areas of need as identified through the perceptions tool. LEGEND
Need to do better
Doing well, but can improve
Area of Strength



### **100RC Tools Helped Us** Take Stock of Our Resilience Work

Webinars and meetings were held to support more than one hundred business strategists, policy analysts, and executive advisors on the 100RC perceptions and actions tools. Those colleagues supported the comprehensive coding of The City of Calgary's strategies and plans. This coincided with a Corporate effort to identify plans and strategies across The City. This effort brought departmental planners together to identify and catalogue all guiding documents that impact our work within The City.

#### **Vision Documents**

Calgary is guided by long-range visionary plans. The vision reflects the community's enduring aspirations for calgary is objectives of the Municipal Development Plan (MDP) and the Calgary Transportation Plan (CTP) identify the land use and transportation framework for the future development of Calgary. The plans were developed around 12 sustainability principles and 8 key directions, rooted in supporting the 100-year community developed vision, imagineCALGARY. The imagineCALGARY are interested as the calgary of the future, and resilience is one of tools we need on our journey.



#### Actions

The 100RC Action tool enabled The City of Calgary to capture resilience activities. While internally focused, The City also reached out to Civic Partners to:

- Identify existing actions that increase the resilience within the city
- Identify resilience areas the actions relate to
- Identify gaps where resilience actions do not appear to address the need



Our past experiences can help inform future decisions. There is value in bringing together a range of diverse systems and institutions. Calgary faces many challenges and can collectively create opportunities through the resilience strategy.

#### Challenges

- Economic participation is hindered by systemic and mobility barriers
- Difficulty attracting business, venture capital, and talent
- Economy
- Stronger business continuity required
- Address prolonged office space oversupply and mitigate tax impact on tax base
- Traditional funding models for infrastructure needs, including operating, capital maintenance, and capital growth, are at risk
- Understanding the financial impact of climate change
- Addressing impacts of a low carbon economy
- Managing urban water through flood and drought
- Growing risk of cyber-attack and telecommunications breakdown
- Insufficient appropriate infrastructure at the community level negatively impacts quality of life
- Living in a VUCA city (Volatile Uncertain Complex and Ambiguous)
- Growing prominence of regional governance model
- Organizational Effectiveness
- Lack of innovation due to a risk-adverse culture

#### **Opportunities**

- Leveraging social and intellectual capital of Calgary's diverse communities
- There is a pivotal point for inclusive leadership and decision making
- Capitalize on Biodiversity Action Program
- Capitalize on climate resilience & environmental well-being regulation
- Calgary's commitment to housing
- Leverage flood recovery and interest in business continuity to strengthen resilience in business and non-profit sectors
- Leverage the Community Economic and Development Investment

# **Discovery Areas**

#### **Economic Resilience**

#### We strengthen our economic drivers to be better prepared for stresses and shocks.

#### **Benefits**

The resiliency of a city improves when all are encouraged and able to participate in a diverse and strong economy. This enhances the community's ability to attract business, talent and investment. Calgary has the opportunity to capitalize on its high quality of life, available commercial real-estate and educated workforce as it continues to find its way out of recession. The community is engaged and local businesses, other levels of government, and our City partners are cooperating and exploring opportunities to build a resilient economy. This requires reducing barriers to employment, including mobility and training, activating youth and Indigenous entrepreneurship, strategic academic programming, and the utilization of innovative finance tools and approaches to address the challenges and opportunities.

#### **Questions for Further Study**

What are the barriers to employment and economic participation for Calgarians and how can these barriers be best overcome, particularly for disadvantaged communities?

What governance structures, human resources, and other assets are required to enhance Calgary's ability to attract business and talent that benefits the community as a whole in the long run?

How can we best retrain and reutilize existing human and capital assets and resources as Calgary transitions to a more diversified economy less vulnerable to commodity price fluctuations?

#### Inclusive Leadership & **Decision Making** Capitalizing on Calgary's diverse human assets

#### **Benefits**

Resilience of a city improves when diverse people have meaningful voices in decision making and leadership. By leveraging the untapped human and intellectual capital of existing and future residents who have different perspectives and experiences, Calgary can create a better-informed path forward, one that is innovative and responsive in a VUCA Calgary (Volatility, Uncertainty, Complexity, Ambiguity). This includes impacting employment, income and social inclusion outcomes with resilient system-based solutions. In addition, greater mutual understanding, acceptance and inclusion of others leads to increased bridging and linking social capital and more empowered residents in Calgary's communities, neighbourhoods, and city, resulting in greater resilience at all levels.

#### **Questions for Further Study**

What are the economic arguments for reducing underemployment of diverse target populations and how can this benefit these populations and the city more widely?

How can Calgary's civic institutions, businesses, and other influential organizations diversify their boards and senior leadership to ensure that the city's leadership reflects the needs and experiences of its residents?

How can The City of Calgary build relationships of mutual trust, respect, and understanding with Indigenous communities and other diverse target populations in order to foster their meaningful involvement in decision-making processes?

#### **Environment Resilience** We strengthen our natural assets and ecosystems within our city and region

#### **Benefits**

Natural or ecological systems provide social, economic and environmental benefits. They contribute to physical and mental well-being and can contribute to a robust economy, in part by making the city more attractive to a skilled workforce and, therefore, investment. Green, ecological or natural infrastructure can improve resilience to the gradual and sudden impacts of climate change and natural hazards. Healthy natural systems are self-adapting and require less intervention to thrive in changing conditions than more traditional hard infrastructure.

Challenges related to hard infrastructure (aging infrastructure, Relationships and partnerships are paramount as the funding, adaptation to climate change) and opportunities municipality builds upon past and future legislated regional and related to the current regulatory environment, along with our community connections. The future leadership and policies of commitment to biodiversity, and potential government funding the municipality must nurture and advance these relationships, for innovation and green infrastructure, all contribute to a unique encouraging collaboration and co-shared management of circumstance in Calgary. An identified opportunity is to integrate infrastructure. Identifying and aligning with the regional or natural assets, green infrastructure and innovative technologies community values and interests, and identifying the co-benefits into our traditional infrastructure and asset management and accessibility of those assets, is paramount to building a frameworks and service delivery models. resilient community and region.

There are many benefits to manage, conserve, integrate and The changing funding models (all orders of government, region, community) impact everyone, and the global priorities/drivers/ trends dictate a focus on resilience and the qualities of a resilient system. Strategic management of all infrastructure assets (hard, natural, community) will be one of the municipality's most challenging undertakings, and if well managed, will result in significant benefits to the community (return on investment) and improved community, regional and city resilience.

enhance critical natural areas, and the hydrologic and ecosystem functions they provide. These include the reduced impact and cost of damage from extreme weather events and the increase of social and economic benefits for all Calgarians. **Questions for Further Study** How can Calgary better utilize our natural assets to support biodiversity, ecological function and resilience for the future?

How can we better understand our shared risk and co-create solutions that encompass the economic, ecological and social co-How do we measure the value of infrastructure in enhancing benefits of our natural assets and ecosystems? quality of life and vibrant communities?

How can we best integrate, implement and monitor climate adaptation and mitigation programs in support of a strong economy, environment and society?

**Cross Cutting Theme:** How do we encourage a trusting environment that supports intentional risk taking, innovation and co-creation?

#### Infrastructure Resilience Calgary has infrastructure that supports an integrated, connected and well managed city

#### Benefits

Resilience of a city improves when the community has access to infrastructure. If the infrastructure is designed to accommodate the diverse and everchanging makeup of the community, it will serve the intended purposes. If adaptable, it will accommodate unintended uses. Harder working, multi-use and co-created infrastructure or retrofits may be solutions to consider in response to the VUCA (Volatility, Uncertainty, Complexity, Ambiguity) state the municipality finds itself in.

#### Questions for Further Study

How do we strengthen capital resilience by lowering the financial exposure to infrastructure risks?

How do we strengthen partnerships, regional planning, and resourcing of infrastructure, including the operation of infrastructure in public spaces?

When does aging infrastructure limit or hinder the delivery of services?

## **#ResilientYYC:** Preliminary Resilience Assessment Overview

#### A GREAT PLACE TO MAKE A LIVING, A GREAT PLACE TO MAKE A LIFE

#### **CITIZEN PRIORITIES + COUNCIL DIRECTIVES**

A PROSPEROUS CITY

A CITY OF SAFE + **INSPIRING NEIGHBOUR-**HOODS

A HEALTHY AND GREEN CITY A WELL-RUN CITY

FLEXIBLE

INCLUSIVE

**INTEGRATED** 

Willingness and ability to adopt

to changing circumstances

Prioritize broad consultation

ownership in decision making

Bring together a range of distinct

to create a sense of shared

systems and institutions

alternative strategies in response

A CITY THAT MOVES

#### **OUALITIES OF A RESILIENT CITY**



Using past experience to inform future decisions

**RESOURCEFUL** 

**Recognizing alternative** ways to use resources



#### REDUNDANT

Spare capacity purposively created to accommodate disruption

#### ROBUST

Well-conceived, constructed, and managed systems

#### **DISCOVERY AREAS**



#### **ECONOMIC RESILIENCE**

How does Calgary strengthen our economic drivers to be better prepared for shocks & stresses?

QUESTIONS FOR FURTHER STUDY

- What are the barriers to employment and economic participation, and how can these barriers be best overcome, particularly for disadvantaged communities?
- What government structures, human resources, and other assets are required to enhance Calgary's ability to attract business and talent that benefits the community as a whole in the long run?
- How can we best retrain and reutilize existing human and capital assets and resources as Calgary transitions to a more diversified economy less vulnerable to commodity price fluctuations?



#### **INFRASTRUCTURE RESILIENCE**

#### How does Calgary grow an integrated, connected and well managed city?

**QUESTIONS FOR FURTHER STUDY** 

- · How do we measure the value of infrastructure in enhancing quality of life and vibrant communities?
- · How do we strengthen capital resilience by lowering the financial exposure to infrastructure risks?
- How do we strengthen partnerships, regional planning, and resourcing of infrastructure, including the operation of infrastructure in public spaces?
- When does aging infrastructure limit or hinder the delivery services?



#### **ENVIRONMENT RESILIENCE**

#### How can Calgary strengthen our natural assets and ecosystems within our city and region?

**QUESTIONS FOR FURTHER STUDY** 

- · How can we better understand our that encompass the economic,

#### CROSS CUTTING THEME: HOW DO WE ENCOURAGE A TRUSTING ENVIRONMENT THAT SUPPORTS INTENTIONAL RISK TAKING, INNOVATION AND CO-CREATION?

SHO	DCKS   ST	RESSES	OTHER					The City of		2017 Total Value of			Green Line I construction	.RT n commences				
VISION		Oil Price Increase + Economic Boom + Population	Decline in Physical Condition of City Infrastruct	Re	11 Economic covery   Calgary	Major	A Barrel of WTI* is up to \$107 Snow- tember 14 20	Calgary Becomes 100RC Member Economic Shift 015 - 20	Opioid Crisis Wildfires in Alberta, \$3.6 Billion 16 20	Building Permits \$4.6 Billion Indigenous Policy	Advisory Committee on Accessibility Strategic Plan: 2026		Complete GHG mitigation plan and Climate Change Adaptation Plan 500,000: Calgary's projected immigrant population** 2020 2030 20				5% Decrease in Precipitation: I 7% Increase in Winter Precipit	
	06 20	1.1 Million 08 2	1	 010 —	EATS!	Flood 2013 —— 20				Framework					in 30 Years	36 20	Extreme Winter	
	Green Fleet Initiative Triple Bottor Line (TBL)	Home	for 2020 Alberta Sustainab essness Direction	· ·	100% Increase in Insurance Premiums from Floods	52,000 Alberta jobs lost from December	Affordable Housing Shortage A Barrel of WTI is	10 Year Economic Strategy Plan: Update	Return to Pre-Flood Premiums due to Resilience	Modern- ized MGA City Charter	Resilience S Implementa	Infrastructure in Annual		2	One in two p in Calgary w immigrant o of an immig	people vill be an or the child yrant***	4º   in   Te	
	Policy ImagineCAL	ALGARY				2014 to July 2016	down to	CED	Efforts	Approved	Economic Development Investment Fund: EDIF One Calgary: Service Based Plans & Budgets (2019-2022)				40% of the working-age population will belong to a visible minority group****			

\* WTI - West Texas Intermediate is a grade of crude oil used as a benchmark in oil pricing

- \*\* The immigrant population in Calgary— and throughout Canada—is growing and will continue to grow. Calgary's total immigrant population (both Permanent and Non-permanent residents) is projected to reach almost half a million by 2020
- \*\*\* 2036 Based on projection scenarios, more than one in two people in 2036 would be an immigrant or the child of an immigrant in Calgary (between 56.2% and 63.3%)

\*\*\*\* 2036 the proportion of the working-age population (aged 15 to 64) who belong to a visible minority group would increase in all areas of the country, in all the scenarios. This proportion would surpass 40% in Toronto, Vancouver, Edmonton, Calgary, Winnipeg and Abbotsford

• How can Calgary better utilize our natural assets to support biodiversity, ecological function and resilience for the future?

shared risk and co-create solutions ecological and social co-benefits of our natural assets and ecosystems?

• How can we best integrate, implement and monitor climate adaptation and mitigation programs in support of a strong economy, environment and society?



#### **INCLUSIVE LEADERSHIP** AND DECISION MAKING

#### How does Calgary capitalize on its diverse human assets?

#### **OUESTIONS FOR FURTHER STUDY**

- What are the economic arguments for reducing underemployment of diverse target populations, and how can this benefit these populations and the city more widely?
- How can Calgary's civic institutions, businesses, and other influential organizations diversify their boards and senior leadership to ensure that the city's leadership reflects the needs and experiences of its residents?
- How can The City of Calgary build relationships of mutual trust, respect, and understanding with Indigenous communities and other diverse target populations in order to foster their meaningful involvement in decision-making processes?

#### 5% Decrease in Summer Calgary's **Precipitation: Drought** population cy will double 7% Increase in **:0%** Winter Precipitation: between 2006 **5x Hotter** and 2076 **Extreme Winter Storms** Days (49) **City Motto:** ..... 2050 2060 2070 2076 ..... 2106 Onward One in two people 4°C Increase in Calgary will be an in Annual mmigrant or the child Temperature of an immigrant\*\*\* 40% of the working-age population will belong to a



# Acknowledg





Resilient Calgary would like to acknowledge participants from the March 2017 Agenda- Setting Workshop along with The Office of the Mayor, The Office of the Councillors, City of Calgary business units, Civic Partners, business and community stakeholders, and 100 Resilient Cities.

Preliminary Resilience Assessment

