





# MPCRTANT INFO

## PRINT 3 WETLAND BUILDER CARDS PER STUDENT

 There are 5 types of wetland builder cards (MARSH, SWAMP, POND, BOG, FEN). They can be printed in greyscale

# HAND OUT THE CARDS BEFORE THE PRESENTATION

 Each student should get 3 different wetland builder cards

### ASK EACH STUDENT TO BRING A DICE TO SCHOOL

- o If they do not we will roll a dice for them
- If possible, review the rules and how to fill out the board with your students before the presentation

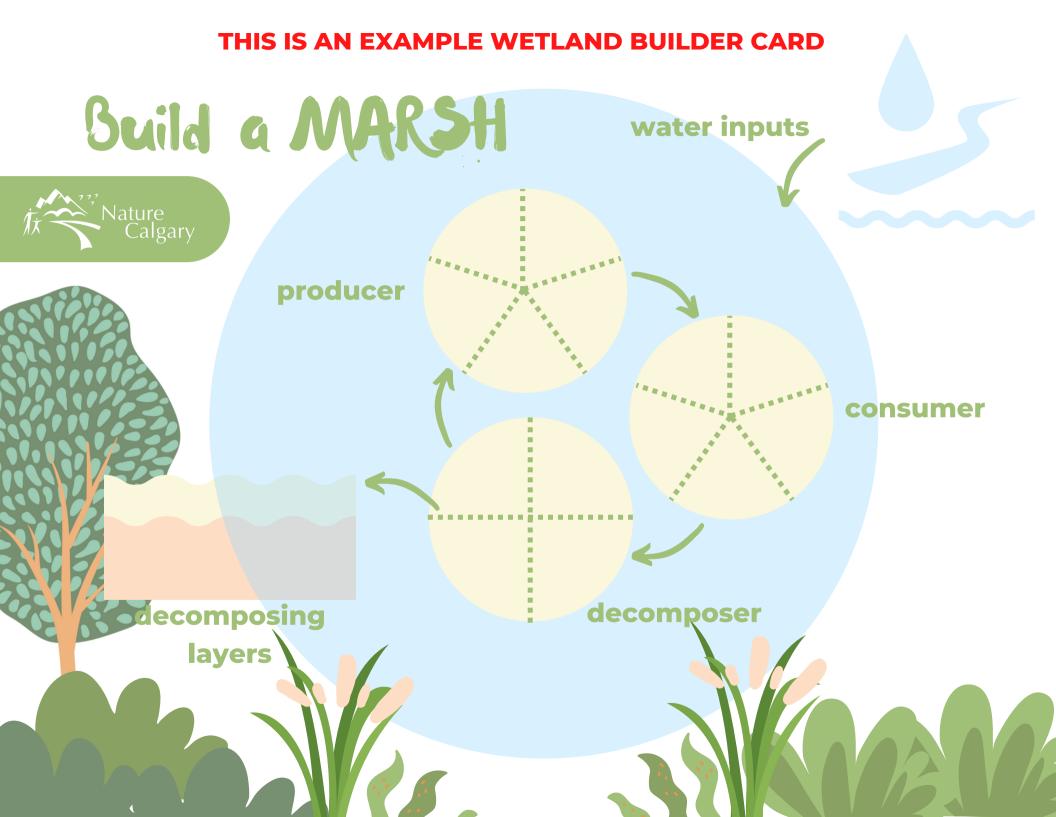


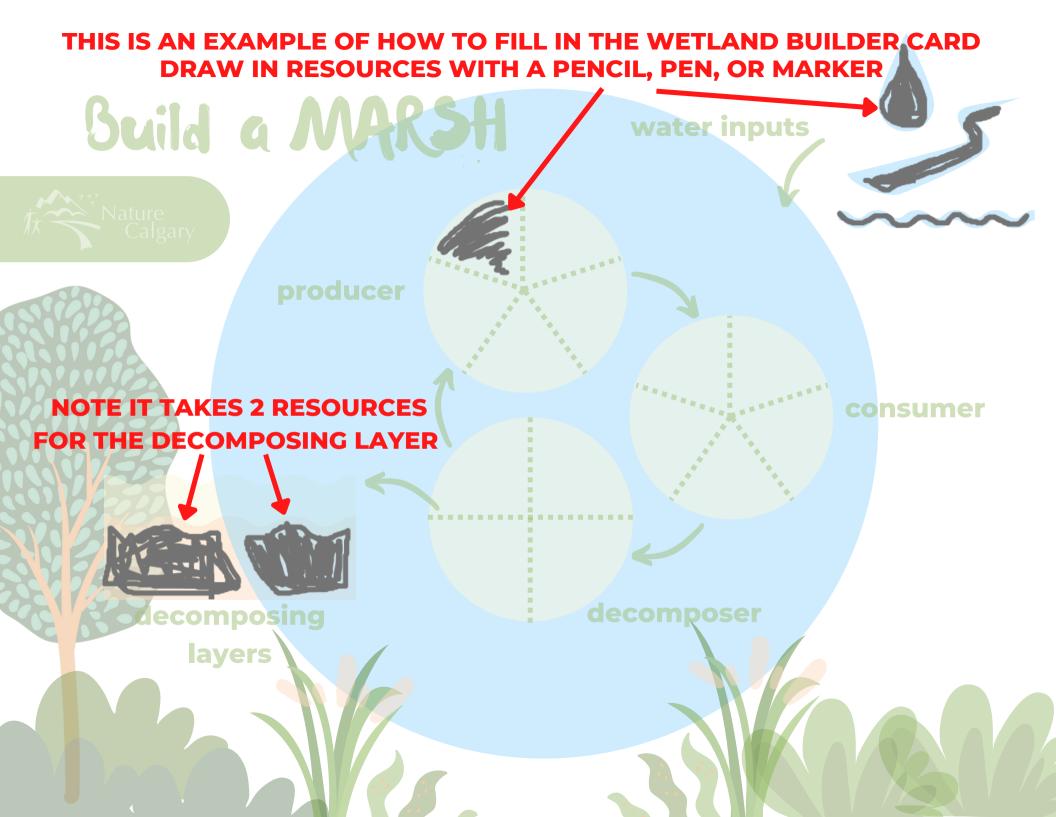
# RULES

- Start with 3 randomly chosen wetland builder cards.
- There will be 4 regular rounds, each focused on a particular resource: WATER INPUT, PRODUCER, CONSUMER, & DECOMPOSER.
- There will be one final bonus round at the end of the game.
- The DECOMPOSING LAYER part of your board takes two PRODUCER, CONSUMER or DECOMPOSER resources per layer and can be played in any of those rounds.
- Before each mini-game, roll a die. If you win the mini-game, you get the number of resources shown on the die.
- Colour in the resources on your board as you get them.

### SCORING

- Each resource is worth 1 point (this includes the decomposing layer)
- Completed mineral wetlands (MARSH, POND, SWAMP) are worth 5 bonus points.
- Completed peatland wetlands (BOG, FEN) are worth 15 bonus points.







# CURRICULUM CONNECTIONS

- Understand that a wetland ecosystem involves interactions between living and nonliving things, both in and around the water
- Identify some plants and animals found at a wetland site, both in and around the water
- Understand and appreciate that all animals and plants, not just the large ones, have an important role in a wetland community
- Identify the roles of different organisms in the food web of a pond:
  - o producers—green plants that make their own food, using sunlight
  - o consumers—animals that eat living plants and/or animals
  - decomposers—organisms, such as molds, fungi, insects and worms,
    that reuse and recycle materials that were formerly living
- Recognize that some aquatic animals use oxygen from air and others from water, and identify examples and adaptations of each



# WETLAND BUILDER GAROS

